AFRIKA BURNS CREATIVE PROJECTS
NON-PROFIT COMPANY
(REGISTRATION NUMBER 2007/020812/08)
ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2014

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A.S. Pocock Inc. Chartered Accountants (S.A.) Registered Auditors Published 15 December 2014

(Registration number 2007/020812/08)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2014

General Information

Country of incorporation and domicile South Africa

Nature of business and principal activities A community based arts and culture development project

Directors E.A.T. Linsell

R.A. Weinek S.S. Bendzulla G.T. Allan P.F. Grose K. Reynolds

Registered office 16th Floor, Main Tower

Standard Bank Centre

Heerengracht Cape Town 8000

Postal address P.O. Box 191

Observatory

7935

Auditors A.S. Pocock Inc.

Chartered Accountants (S.A.)

Registered Auditors

Company registration number 2007/020812/08

Tax reference number 9235/645/16/6

Level of assurance These annual financial statements have been audited in

compliance with the applicable requirements of the Companies

Act 71 of 2008.

Preparer The annual financial statements were independently compiled

by:

Pocock Accounting Services CC

Registered Accountants

Published 15 December 2014

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The reports and statements set out below comprise the annual financial statements presented to the members:

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Directors' Responsibilities and Approval

The directors are required by the Companies Act 71 of 2008, to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the annual financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities. The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the annual financial statements.

The annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The directors acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the company and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the directors to meet these responsibilities, the board of directors sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the company and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the company's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the company is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the company. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the company endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The directors are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the annual financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The directors have reviewed the company's cash flow forecast for the year to 31 July 2015 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, they are satisfied that the company has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors are responsible for independently reviewing and reporting on the company's annual financial statements. The annual financial statements have been examined by the company's external auditors and their report is presented on pages 4 to 5.

e annual financial statements set out on pages 6 to 22/which have been prepared on the going concern basis, the approved by the board of directors on 15 December/2014 and were signed on its behalf by:

E.A.T. Linsell

Newlands

15 December 2014

Weinek

A.S. POCOCK INC.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS (SA) REGISTERED AUDITORS (Registration number 2011/000541/21)

Independent Auditors' Report

To the members of Afrika Burns Creative Projects Non-Profit Company

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the annual financial statements of Afrika Burns Creative Projects Non-Profit Company, as set out on pages 8 to 18, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 July 2014, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' Responsibility for the Annual Financial Statements

The company's directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these annual financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities, and requirements of the Companies Act 71 of 2008, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of annual financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these annual financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the annual financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the annual financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the annual financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the annual financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the annual financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the annual financial statements present fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of Afrika Burns Creative Projects Non-Profit Company as at 31 July 2014 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities, and the requirements of the Companies Act 71 of 2008.

A.S. POCOCK INC.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS (SA) REGISTERED AUDITORS (Registration number 2011/000541/21)

Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to the note 13 to the annual financial statements which discloses the effects of prior year adjustments.

Other reports required by the Companies Act

As part of our audit of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2014, we have read the Directors' Report for the purpose of identifying whether there are material inconsistencies between these reports and the audited annual financial statements. This report is the responsibility of the respective preparer. Based on reading this report we have not identified material inconsistencies between this report and the audited annual financial statements. However, we have not audited this report and accordingly do not express an opinion on this report.

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A.S. Pocock Inc. Chartered Accountants (S.A.) Registered Auditors

Per: C.L. Stieger Director Registered Auditor

15 December 2014 Newlands

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Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2014

Directors' Report

The directors submit their report for the year ended 31 July 2014.

1. Incorporation

The company was incorporated in South Africa on 24 July 2007 and obtained its certificate to commence business on the same day.

2. Review of activities

Main business and operations

The company is engaged in a community based arts and culture development project and operates principally in South Africa.

The operating results and state of affairs of the company are fully set out in the attached annual financial statements and do not in our opinion require any further comment.

Net surplus of the company was R 1 299 869 (2013: surplus R 553 597), after taxation of R 701 242 (2013: R 201 500).

3. Going concern

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

4. Events after the reporting period

The directors are not aware of any matter or circumstance arising since the end of the financial year that has a material impact on the annual financial statements.

5. Directors

The directors of the company during the year and to the date of this report are as follows:

Name E.A.T. Linsell	Nationality South African	Changes
A.B. Wessels	South African	Resigned 26 October 2013
M.A. Schiess	South African	Resigned 26 October 2013
R.A. Weinek	South African	
S.S. Bendzulla	South African	
G.T. Allan	South African	
J. Cline	South African	Resigned 26 October 2013
P.F. Grose	South African	Appointed 26 October 2013
K. Reynolds	South African	Appointed 26 October 2013

6. Secretary

The company had no secretary during the year.

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Directors' Report

7. Auditors

A.S. Pocock Inc. will continue in office in accordance with section 90 of the Companies Act 71 of 2008.

8. Liquidity and solvency

The directors have performed the required liquidity and solvency tests required by the Companies Act 71 of 2008.

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 July 2014

	Note(s)	2014 R	2013 R
Assets			
Non-Current Assets Property, plant and equipment	2	379 905	74 159
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	4 098 954	2 716 229
Total Assets		4 478 859	2 790 388
Equity and Liabilities			
Equity			
Accumulated surplus		3 232 727	1 932 858
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Current tax payable		972 200	601 544
Trade and other payables	4	273 932	255 986
		1 246 132	857 530
Total Equity and Liabilities		4 478 859	2 790 388

Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Note(s)	2014 R	2013 R
Revenue	5	8 049 749	4 372 042
Cost of revenue	· ·	(3 283 256)	(1 832 027)
Gross surplus		4 766 493	2 540 015
Other income		580 951	362 849
Operating expenses		(3 258 153)	(2 231 575)
Operating surplus	6	2 089 291	671 289
Investment revenue	. 7	114 908	83 808
Finance costs	8	(203 088)	**
Surplus before taxation		2 001 111	755 097
Taxation	10	(701 242)	(201 500)
Surplus for the year		1 299 869	553 597
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		1 299 869	553 597

Statement of Changes in Equity

	Accumulated surplus	Total equity
	Ŕ	R
Opening balance as previously reported Adjustments	1 905 643	1 905 643
Prior year adjustment (Refer note 13)	(526 382)	(526 382)
Balance at 01 August 2012 as restated	1 379 261	1 379 261
Surplus for the year Other comprehensive income	553 597	553 597
Total comprehensive income for the year	553 597	553 597
Balance at 01 August 2013	1 932 858	1 932 858
Surplus for the year Other comprehensive income	1 299 869	1 299 869
Total comprehensive income for the year	1 299 869	1 299 869
Balance at 31 July 2014	3 232 727	3 232 727

Statement of Cash Flows

	Note(s)	2014 R	2013 R
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash receipts from customers Cash paid to suppliers and employees		8 630 700 (6 486 599)	4 449 638 (3 624 642)
Cash generated from operations Interest income Finance costs	11	2 144 101 114 908 (203 088)	824 996 83 808
Tax paid Net cash from operating activities	12	(330 586) 1 725 335	908 804
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	2	(342 610)	(34 877)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Net movement in directors loans			5 258
Total cash movement for the year Cash at the beginning of the year		1 382 725 2 716 229	879 185 1 837 044
Total cash at end of the year	3	4 098 954	2 716 229

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Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2014

Accounting Policies

1. Presentation of Annual Financial Statements

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities, and the Companies Act 71 of 2008. The annual financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, and incorporate the principal accounting policies set out below. They are presented in South African Rands.

These accounting policies are consistent with the previous period.

1.1 Significant judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing the annual financial statements, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts represented in the annual financial statements and related disclosures. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results in the future could differ from these estimates which may be material to the annual financial statements.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

Management did not make critical judgements in the application of accounting policies, apart from those involving estimations, which would significantly affect the financial statements.

1.2 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible items that:

- are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, for rental to others or for administrative purposes; and
- are expected to be used during more than one period.

Property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes all costs incurred to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method to write down the cost, less estimated residual value over the useful life of the property, plant and equipment, which is as follows:

Item	Average useful life
Equipment	6 years
Furniture and fixtures	6 years
IT equipment	3 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

If the major components of an item of property, plant and equipment have significantly different patterns of consumption of economic benefits, the initial cost of the asset is allocated to its major components and each such component is depreciated separately over its useful life.

The residual value, depreciation method and useful life of each asset are reviewed at each annual reporting period if there are indicators present that there has been a significant change from the previous estimate.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss in the period.

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Accounting Policies

1.3 Financial instruments

Initial measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at the transaction price. This includes transaction costs, except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial instruments at amortised cost

Debt instruments, as defined in the standard, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments which are classified as current assets or current liabilities are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash expected to be received or paid, unless the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction.

At the end of each reporting date, the carrying amounts of assets held in this category are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. If so, an impairment loss is recognised.

Financial instruments at cost

Commitments to receive a loan are measured at cost less impairment.

Equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair value cannot otherwise be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment. This includes equity instruments held in unlisted investments.

All financial assets whose fair value cannot otherwise be measured reliably, and which do not meet the criteria to be designated as an instruments measured at amortised cost, are measured at cost less impairment.

Financial instruments at fair value

All other financial instruments are measured at fair value through profit and loss.

1.4 Impairment of assets

The company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired.

If there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the recoverable amount is estimated for the individual asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is determined.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or group of related assets) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or group of assets) in prior years. A reversal of impairment is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.5 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as paid vacation leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

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Accounting Policies

1.6 Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- the company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents the amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of trade discounts and volume rebates, and value added tax.

Interest is recognised, in profit or loss, using the effective interest method.

1.7 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

					2014 R	2013 R
2. Property, plant and equi	oment					
-		2014	***************************************	***************************************	2013	······································
_	Cost	Accumulated depreciation and impairments	Carrying value	Cost	Accumulated depreciation and impairments	Carrying value
Equipment Furniture and fixtures	394 521 10 469	(92 590) (527)	301 931 9 942	121 659 -	(61 751) -	59 908 -
IT equipment Motor vehicles	25 956 49 200	(1 [°] 094 [°]) (6 030)	24 862 43 170	877 15 000	(876) (750)	1 14 250
Total	480 146	(100 241)	379 905	137 536	(63 377)	74 159
Reconciliation of property, pl	ant and equi	ipment - 2014				
			Opening balance	Additions	Depreciation	Total
Equipment Furniture and fixtures			59 908	272 863 10 469	(30 840) (527)	301 931 9 942
IT equipment			1	25 078	(217)	24 862
Motor vehicles			14 250	34 200	(5 280)	43 170
			74 159	342 610	(36 864)	379 905
Reconciliation of property, pl	ant and equi	ipment - 2013				
			Opening balance	Additions	Depreciation	Total
Equipment IT equipment			60 247	19 000 877	(19 339)	59 908
Motor vehicles				15 000	(876) (750)	1 14 250
		_	60 247	34 877	(20 965)	74 159
3. Cash and cash equivaler	ıts					
Cash and cash equivalents con	sist of:					
Cash on hand Bank balances					7 229 126 049	1 043 28 612
Short-term deposits				-	3 965 676 4 098 954	2 686 574 2 716 229
				***********	4 036 334	2 / 10 229
4. Trade and other payables	5					
Trade payables					429	16 794
VAT					254 793	229 412
Payroll liabilities				***************************************	18 710 273 932	9 780 255 986
				<u> </u>	# 1 U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	200 300

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

	2014 R	2013 R
5. Revenue		
Ticket collections	8 049 749	4 372 042
6. Operating surplus		
Operating surplus for the year is stated after accounting for the following:		
Operating lease charges Premises	146 064	121 226
Contractual amounts	146 964	131 226
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Employee costs	36 864 1 883 707	20 965 1 171 992
7. Investment revenue		
Interest revenue Bank	114 908	83 808
8. Finance costs		
Penalties and interest - SARS	203 088	_
9. Auditors' remuneration		
Fees	77 205	77 035
10. Taxation		
Major components of the tax expense		
Current Local income tax - current period Local income tax - recognised in current tax for prior periods	605 142 96 100	201 500
	701 242	201 500
Reconciliation of the tax expense		
Reconciliation between accounting profit and tax expense.		
Accounting surplus	2 001 111	755 097
Tax at the applicable tax rate of 28% (2013: 28%)	560 311	211 427
Tax effect of adjustments on taxable income Disallowable charges Exempt income Prior period tax recognition	56 865 (12 034) 96 100	(9 928) -
	701 242	201 499

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

		2014 R	2013 R
11. Cash generated from operations			
Surplus		2 001 111	755 097
Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortisation Interest received Finance costs Other non-cash items		36 864 (114 908) 203 088	20 965 (83 808) - 4
Changes in working capital: Trade and other receivables Trade and other payables		17 946 2 144 101	10 600 122 138 824 996
12. Tax paid			
Balance at beginning of the year Current tax for the year recognised in profit or loss Balance at end of the year		(601 544) (701 242) 972 200 (330 586)	(400 044) (201 500) 601 544
13. Prior year adjustment			
The company was successful in its application for a VAT Directive. This has resulted in prior year adjustments as follows:			
Statement of Financial Position Increase (decrease) in accumulated surplus (Decrease) increase in trade and other payables Increase in current tax payable		94 354 (295 853) 201 499	(526 382) 126 338 400 044
Suplus or Loss Increase (decrease) in revenue (Decrease) in expenditure Increase (decrease) in surplus for the year Increase in current tax expense		295 853 - 94 354 201 499	(180 969) (54 861) (526 382) 400 044
14. Directors' remuneration			
Executive			
2014			
	Emoluments	Directors' fees	Total
E.A.T. Linsell R.A. Weinek S.S. Bendzulla G.T. Allan P.F. Grose K. Reynolds	141 150 156 750 30 000 51 300 - 114 000	66 300 66 300 66 300	223 050 96 300 117 600 51 300
	493 200	367 800	861 000

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Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2014

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

		2014 R	2013 R
14. Directors' remuneration (continued)			
2013			
	Emoluments	Directors' fees	Total
E.A.T. Linsell	-	35 000	35 000
A.B. Wessels	120 000	60 000	180 000
M.A. Schiess	165 000	60 000	225 000
R.A. Weinek	90 000	60 000	150 000
S.S. Bendzulla	120 000	60 000	180 000
G.T. Allan	-	45 000	45 000
	495 000	320 000	815 000

15. Related parties

Relationships

Members of key management

E.A.T. Linsell R.A. Weinek S.S. Bendzulla G.T. Allan P.F. Grose K. Reynolds

16. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified.

Afrika Burns Creative Projects Non-Profit Company (Registration number 2007/020812/08)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2014

Statement of Financial Performance

Revenue Ticket collections Cost of revenue Events production costs (Refer to page 21) Gross surplus Other income Donations received Fund raising income Interest received Sundry income Expenses (Refer to page 20) Operating surplus Finance costs		8 049 749 (3 283 256) 4 766 493 42 977 307 640	2 540 015 35 456
Cost of revenue Events production costs (Refer to page 21) Gross surplus Other income Donations received Fund raising income Interest received Sundry income Expenses (Refer to page 20) Operating surplus		(3 283 256) 4 766 493 42 977	(1 832 027) 2 540 015 35 456
Events production costs (Refer to page 21) Gross surplus Other income Donations received Fund raising income Interest received Sundry income Expenses (Refer to page 20) Operating surplus		4 766 493 42 977	2 540 015 35 456
Other income Donations received Fund raising income Interest received Sundry income Expenses (Refer to page 20) Operating surplus		4 766 493 42 977	2 540 015 35 456
Other income Donations received Fund raising income Interest received Sundry income Expenses (Refer to page 20) Operating surplus		42 977	35 456
Donations received Fund raising income Interest received Sundry income Expenses (Refer to page 20) Operating surplus			
Fund raising income Interest received Sundry income Expenses (Refer to page 20) Operating surplus			
Interest received Sundry income Expenses (Refer to page 20) Operating surplus		307 640	0500:-
Sundry income Expenses (Refer to page 20) Operating surplus		00.010	253 840
Expenses (Refer to page 20) Operating surplus	7	114 908	83 808
Operating surplus		230 334	73 553
Operating surplus		695 859	446 657
		(3 258 153)	(2 231 575)
Finance costs	6	2 204 199	755 097
Finance costs	8	(203 088)	-
Surplus before taxation		2 001 111	755 097
Taxation	10	(701 242)	(201 500)
Surplus for the year		1 299 869	553 597
Other comprehensive income		•	_
Total comprehensive income for the year		1 299 869	553 597

Statement of Financial Performance

		2014	2013
	Note(s)	R	R
Operating expenses			
Accounting fees		(50 900)	(37 400)
Auditors' remuneration	9	(77 205)	(77 035)
Bank charges		(16 692)	(13 395)
Communication		(77 144)	(38 039)
Creative grants		(417 968)	(500 000)
Depreciation		(36 864)	(20 965)
Employee costs		(1 883 707)	(1 171 992)
General expenses		(132 901)	(29 469)
IT expenses		(12 270)	(6 165)
Insurance		(78 332)	(38 651)
Lease rentals on operating lease		(146 964)	(131 226)
Legal expenses		(71 187)	(26 343)
Office expenses		(10 668)	(8 468)
Postage		(315)	`(281)
Printing and stationery		(11 793)	(3 384)
Repairs and maintenance		(1 400)	` (380)
Staff welfare		(46 888)	(25 ³⁷⁰)
Telephone and fax		(22 605)	(26 097)
Transport and freight		(9 341)	(15 622)
Utilities		(15 284)	(11 097)
Volunteer expenses		(54 784)	(33 765)
Workyard expenses		(82 941)	(16 431)
		(3 258 153)	(2 231 575)

Events Production Cost Statement

	Note(s)	2014 R	2013 R
Events production expenses			
Consumables		674 572	293 871
Firefighters fees		29 144	21 250
Gate and ticketing expenses		43 436	13 658
General expenses		3 073	2 064
Hire of equipment		264 239	233 638
Kitchen expenses		68 514	21 917
Lighting costs		27 420	38 114
Loose tools		66 943	36 153
Medical expenses		215 283	130 573
Off-centre camp		9 822	15 608
Petrol, gas and oil		111 511	82 922
Security		171 494	88 100
Signage		13 759	3 116
Special events		336 585	141 666
Stipends		147 344	85 600
Subsistence costs		171 757	101 727
Ticketing fees		399 432	217 897
Transport costs		258 513	149 942
Venue hire		242 415	144 211
Wood costs		28 000	10 000
		3 283 256	1 832 027
Events production costs statement for the year		3 283 256	1 832 027
			

Tax Computation

n , 5

	2014
	R
Net surplus per income statement	2 001 111
Permanent differences (Non-deductable/Non taxable items)	
Interest, penalties paid in respect of taxes (s 23(d))	203 088
Exempt income	(42 977)
	160 111
Temporary differences	
Depreciation according to financial statements	36 864
Wear and tear allowance (s 11(e))	(36 864)
	######################################
Taxable income for 2014	2 161 222
Tax thereon @ 28% in the Rand	605 142
Reconciliation of tax balance	
Amount owing/(prepaid) at the beginning of year	601 544
Prior year adjustments	197 614
Amount refunded/(paid) in respect of prior year	(96 100)
Amount owing/(prepaid) in respect of prior year	703 058
Tax owing/(prepaid) for the current year:	
Normal tax	
Per calculation	605 142
1st provisional payment	(336 000)
	269 142
Amount owing/(prepaid) at the end of year	972 200